

## allthemath.org Vol II Episode II – Python cheat sheet

<code>from numpy import *</code>	Start each program with this line
<code>#</code>	Mark a line as a comment (ignored by Python)
<code>variable = ...</code>	Set a variable to a value
<code>+, -, *, /</code>	Add, subtract, multiply, divide
<code>**</code>	Exponentiation (powers)
<code>sqrt(variable)</code>	Square root
<code>print(...)</code>	Print a variable to the screen
<code>print("text" + str(x))</code>	Combine text and variable ( $x$ )
<code>array([3,4,2])</code>	Create a vector with elements 3, 4, 2
<code>zeros(6)</code>	Create an all-zero vector with 6 elements
<code>arange(7)</code>	Create a vector with elements 0, 1, 2, ..., 6
<code>arange(5,12)</code>	Create a vector with elements 5, 6, 7, ..., 11
<code>arange(5,50,5)</code>	Create a vector with elements 5, 10, 15, ..., 45
<code>random.rand(4)</code>	Create a vector with 4 random numbers between 0 and 1
<code>round(variable)</code>	Round a non-integer to the nearest integer
<code>trunc(variable)</code>	Truncate non-integer part of a number
<code>x.size</code>	Get the length (number of elements) of the vector $x$
<code>x[2]</code>	Get element 2 of the vector $x$
<code>x[3:7]</code>	Get elements 3 through 6 of the vector $x$
<code>x.dot(y)</code>	Compute the dot product of $x$ and $y$
<code>linalg.norm(x)</code>	Compute the Euclidean norm of $x$
<code>linalg.norm(x, ord=0)</code>	Compute the $\ell^0$ norm of $x$
<code>linalg.norm(x, ord=1)</code>	Compute the $\ell^1$ norm of $x$
<code>linalg.norm(x, ord=Inf)</code>	Compute the $\ell^\infty$ norm of $x$
<code>x.sum()</code>	Add up the elements of $x$
<code>x.min(), x.max()</code>	Find the minimum (or maximum) element of $x$
<code>x.argmin(), x.argmax()</code>	Find the <i>index</i> of the minimum (or maximum) element of $x$
<code>loadtxt("filename")</code>	Read data from a text file into a vector